#### Click here to view PRESENTATION RECORDING.





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April 2021

# Session 2

Patient Centered Medical Home: A Practice Model to Improve Quality

Kate Hill, VP Clinic Division



# **Introductions**





Kate Hill, R.N. VP of Clinical Division



Theresa Griffin Rossi
Program Development Advisor



# **Session 2: Learning Objectives**





- Quality Standards: PCMH 1.0 8.0, QI 1.0 2.0
- Universal and Specialty Standards (moved to Session 3)
  - Policies, Templates and More Resources

#### **REMINDER!**

Register for Session 3 to complete the training series, "Patient Centered Medical Home: A Practice Model to Improve Quality"



# **TCT Approach to PCMH**





Simplification leads to clarity and clarity allows the provider to focus on what matters most to the patient!



# The Compliance Team Exemplary Provider Accreditation

# **TCT Philosophy**

"Operational excellence leads to clinical excellence!"

Sandy Canally, RN TCT CEO and Founder









#### **Disclaimer: PCMH Accreditation**

For the purposes of this training, content, templates and accreditation information provided is exclusive to The Compliance Team Patient Centered Medical Home Program.

PCMH accreditation is offered by other accreditors and your clinic may want to research options before deciding which program best fits your needs.



#### **Use Session 1, Handout 3 for Standards Reference**



Safety-Honesty-Caring\*

TCT QUALITY STANDARDS FOR PCMH



# **Exemplary Provider® Accreditation Program**

SAFETY-HONESTY-CARING®

Quality Standards and Evidence of Compliance

# Patient Centered Medical Home Standards

**Home Standards** 

In Session 1, Handout 3 we provided a copy of the PCMH Standards.

Please refer to Session 1, Handout 3 for the standards being presented in Session 2.

Universal and Specialty standards are included and will be presented in Session 3.

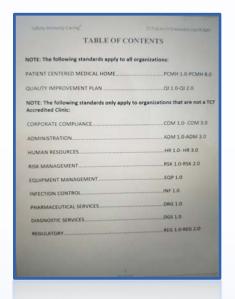


#### **Difference between PCP and TCT RHC Accredited?**









# **Answer:** Universal and Specialty Standards

- TCT RHC accredited clinics have already complied with Universal and Specialty standards as part of the RHC accreditation process
- PCMH standards include these additional standards as part of the process



# **Who Should Be On The PCMH Implementation Team?**



# At a Minimum: Clinic/Practice Manager and Care Coordinator





# First Steps First – Read the Standards



Knowledge is a powerful tool and understanding the PCMH model is only the beginning.

The next important step is read <u>AND</u> re-read the PCMH standards. Have a good working knowledge of the requirements before you begin.

When you have the first call with your Accreditation Advisor:

- ✓ Be ready to ask questions
- ✓ Ask for clarification if you are unsure of the intent of a standard
- ✓ Begin to formulate a preparation and implementation plan based off standards
- ✓ What are you doing already? What are you not doing? What needs to be part of your plan to initiate with staff?



#### **Do You Have the Current PCMH Standards?**



Safety-Honesty-Caring®

TCT QUALITY STANDARDS FOR PCMH



**Exemplary Provider® Accreditation Program** 

SAFETY-HONESTY-CARING®

Quality Standards and Evidence of Compliance

Patient Centered Medical Home Standards

**Home Standards** 



Look for REV 10.19.20 below the page number



# **For Primary Care Practices...**



PCMH requirements sit on top of The Compliance Team's Universal and Specialty Standards.

# **PCMH**

Specialty Standards

Universal Standards



#### **What is a Patient Centered Medical Home?**



Clearly, it's a journey not a destination!





Session 2, Part 1

# *TCT PCMH Standards PCMH 1.0 – 8.0 and QI 1.0 – 2.0*

Patient Centered Medical Home: A Practice Model to Improve Quality

Kate Hill, VP Clinic Division



# 1.0 Team Based Coordinated Care





Providers, Nurses, Assistants, Clerical, and Administrative...

Everyone Working Together to Improve Overall Care



#### **Evidence of Compliance**

- 1) The organization's PCMH program follows a patient centered team-based process that includes the following:
  - a. A description of the work-flow for all team members.
  - b. Clearly defined lines of authority and team member responsibilities; and
  - c. An organizational chart.
- 2) The organization ensures all new patients are:
  - a. Assigned to a primary provider who is responsible for the patient's quality of care;
  - b. Linked to a provider led care team; and
  - c. Subsequent visits are provided by the same provider led care team, unless the primary provider orders a change, or the patient request a change.
- 3) All provider led care teams include at least one provider with the expertise to meet the needs of the targeted population.



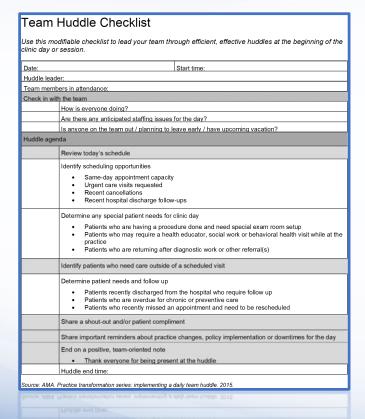
# **The Art of the Huddle**







#### **AMA Huddle Checklist**





Stand up

Meet 15 minutes before 1st patient arrives

Be consistent

Check in and announcements

Use visuals-Post agenda

**Preview Patients** 

Identify potential challenges/concerns

Keep meeting short

Be courteous and respectful

Thank the team

Close the huddle



# **Session 2, Handout 2**



Please refer to Session 2, Handout 2 for information on

AMA Huddle Checklist

**Patient Goals** 



- 4) The organization has one or more designated staff members providing Care Coordination between Providers, other Healthcare Professionals, and patient care services provided externally.
  - a. The Care Coordinator follows a process that addresses the following:
    - i. Organizing and communicating clinical data to close the gaps in patient care transitions, thus supporting the continuity of care regarding patients and their providers' regarding orders/labs/diagnostics/referrals.
    - ii. Working with patients/caregivers to develop written care goals.
    - iii. Utilizing a system to identify and improve the care of high-risk or special needs patients. (e.g., huddles, communication boards, messaging, team meetings).
    - iv. Utilizing written protocols with hospitals outlining the referral process and admission/discharge/transfer notifications.
    - v. Providing a summary for patients transferring to another medical provider.
    - vi. Providing support to patients/caregivers by helping them connect to community resources.
    - vii. Transition Care Management Services (as applicable).



#### **PCMH 1.0**

**PCMH 1.0** - The organization utilizes a team-based approach for patient-centered coordinated care.

- 5) The Care Coordinator monitors care provided to patients by other providers including:
  - Specialists managing patient medications, ordering labs, diagnostics, treatments, procedures, and/or therapies.
  - b. Pharmacists regarding patient medication history, adherence, and any involvement with medication therapy management





# **PCHIP™** Patient Centered Health Improvement Plan™





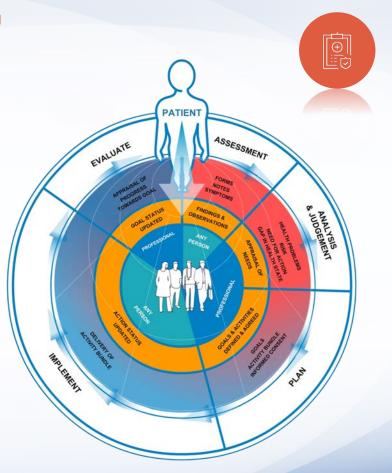


#### **PCHIP™** Patient Centered Health Improvement Plan™

#### What is a PCHIP™?

A plan of Medical Care and support which...

- is unique to each patient and their specific needs
- is culturally and linguistically sensitive
- addresses the social determinants of health
- respects the patient's goal for optimal well-being





#### **PCMH 2.0**

**PCMH 2.0** - The organization utilizes a Patient Centered Health Improvement Plan™ (PCHIP™) for those patients whose care needs to be managed and coordinated.

#### **Evidence of Compliance**

- 1. The organization follows a written policy and procedure for developing Patient-Centered Health Improvement Plans™ (PCHIP™) that address the current and future needs of the patient from a whole person perspective. This policy describes how the Care Team will:
  - a. Identify high risk and/or complex patients in the practice.
  - b. Provide patient communication and education to meet the unique needs of each patient. The PCHIP™ must address the following communication needs of the patient, if applicable:
    - i. When a physical or mental impairment or learning disability exists;
    - ii. When English is not the primary language spoken; or
    - iii. When cultural or religious beliefs may impact the delivery of care.



#### **PCMH 2.0**

**PCMH 2.0** - The organization utilizes a Patient Centered Health Improvement Plan™ (PCHIP™) for those patients whose care needs to be managed and coordinated.

#### **Evidence of Compliance — continued**

- c. When appropriate, include a patient's needs assessment concerning his/her ability to perform the activities of daily living, safety of the home environment, family/caregiver support, access to transportation, and other requirements for healthcare or support services that cannot be met by the organization.
- d. Utilize a questionnaire or interview technique to identify and update the healthcare goal(s) most important from the patient's perspective. This questionnaire or interview determines the current limitations and frustrations that interfere with "what matters most" to the patient at this time in their life.
- e. When appropriate, incorporate end-of-life or palliative care planning.



#### **PCMH 2.0**

**PCMH 2.0** - The organization utilizes a Patient Centered Health Improvement Plan<sup>™</sup> (PCHIP<sup>™</sup>) for those patients whose care needs to be managed and coordinated.

- 1) Evidence exists that all members of the care team are trained to assess and address the needs of the patient from a whole patient perspective. Training addresses the following:
  - a. The forms of communication and/or resources that allow for meaningful healthcare interactions and education;
  - b. Indicators that prompt social support discussions and referrals;
  - c. Short and long-term goal planning; and
  - d. Indicators that prompt end-of-life or palliative care discussions.



# **Example: Care Plan Template**



PATIENT-CENTERED CARE PLAN
Patient name: Date:
Provider name:
Complete the next four sections prior to your visit:
Top concerns and barriers
The main things I would like to fix or improve about my health are:
•
•
The main things preventing me from improving my health are:
•
•
•
Symptom management
The main symptoms I wish to reduce or eliminate are:
•
•
•
To treat these, your provider will help you complete the "Summary of things I need to do," next page, at your appointment.



Online at AAFP.org

To treat these, your provider will help you complete the "Summary of things I need to do," next page, at your appointment



# **Example: Care Plan Template**



Summary of things I need to do
List action needed and time frame for each item. If not applicable, indicate N/A or none:
Tests to complete
Other health professionals to see
Community resources to use
Medication changes to make
Other treatments to get
Health-related education to pursue
Short-term activities to do
Lifestyle changes to make (for example, quit smoking, lose 10 pounds, buy a pedometer and walk 5,000 steps per day; goals – specific, measurable, achievable, realistic, time-bound – are recommended):
Diet
Exercise

The Compliance Team\*

# **Example: Patient Centered Goals**



Patients' goals aren't always our goals.

What matters most to the patient?

What can be done to help them live their best life now?









### **Goals and the EMR**

- 1. My goals to improve my health: \*\*\*
- 2. My healthcare team's goals: \*\*\*
- 3. My strengths and supports to meet my goals: \*\*\*
- 4. Challenges to meeting my goals: dropdown.

Need more support

Housing problems

Transportation problems

Insurance problems

Healthcare providers don't speak my language

Legal problems

Financial problems

Other

- 5. My healthcare team: \*\*\*
- 6. My Action Plan: dropdown.

keep my appointments

if I feel worse, I will \*\*\*

take my medicines every day

Keep track of progress using \*\*\*

Other

Can the patient answer these from a touch pad in the waiting room or submit through patient portal?

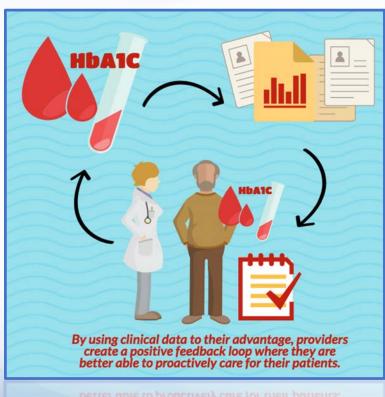






# **Utilizing Clinical Data for Care Planning**







The Organization Needs to Optimize the Use of EHR Technology to Manage Patient Populations

create a positive feedback loop where they are better able to proactively care for their patients.



#### **PCMH 3.0**

**PCMH 3.0** - The organization provides patient education and self-management tools to patients and their family/caregivers.

#### **Evidence of Compliance**

- The organization provides patients, or when appropriate, the patient's representative (as allowed under State law) and their family/caregivers healthcare education and self-management tools when health problems are diagnosed, treatment is ordered, or risks are identified.
- Evidence exists in the patient's healthcare record that the patient and their family/caregivers were provided healthcare education and self-management tools.



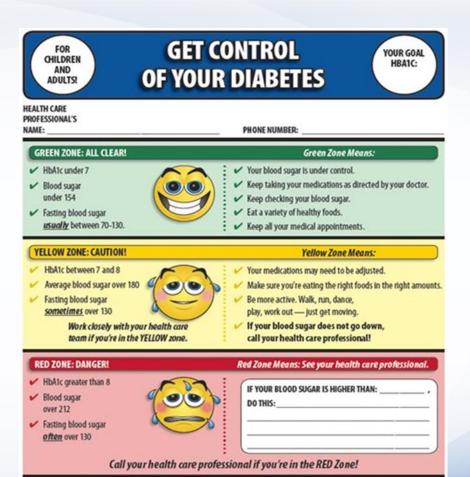
Educational tools empower patients to participate in their healthcare decisions resulting in better outcomes



# **Examples: Patient Education**



Build a resource library of Patient Education tools that all providers can access.



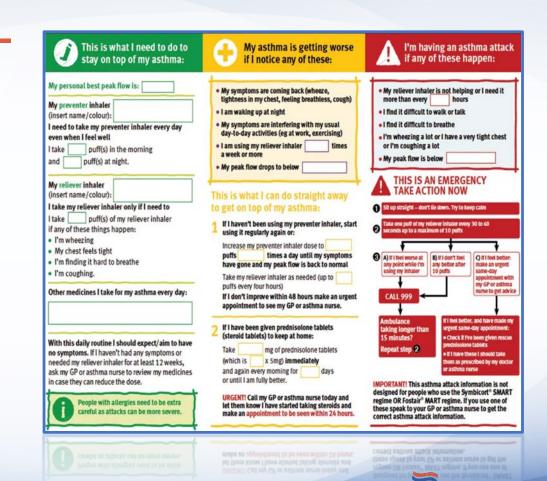
Call your health care professional if you're in the RED Zone!



# **Examples: Patient Education**



Periodically review educational tools to ensure they are up to date.



The Compliance Team\*

# **4.0 Advanced Access and Community Resources**







### **Evidence of Compliance**

- 1) The organization's provides advanced access by expanding hours of operation beyond traditional appointment hours. Increased patient access includes:
  - a. Same day appointments for urgent illness;
  - b. Evidence of expanded weekday, evening, and/or weekend appointment offerings; and
  - Call coverage or arrangement for after-hours emergencies twenty-four hours a day and seven days a week.
- 2) The organization provides patients and their family/caregivers written information regarding the Patient-Centered Medical Home and its services. This information is available in the language(s) of the community served.



# **Meeting the Needs**



The Organization Should Have Hours of Operation to Meet the Needs of the Population They Serve

#### Hours:

Monday-Thursday 7am-6pm

Friday 7am-4pm

Saturday 8am-noon, walk-in clinic only.





- 3) The organization communicates essential practice information to its patients. This information includes:
  - a. What patients should bring to each appointment;
  - b. How patient calls and prescription requests are handled;
  - c. The routes in which patients can attain healthcare access after-hours; and
  - d. Policies regarding the rescheduling or cancellation of appointments.
- 4) Evidence exists of advanced access through multiple forms of communication with its patients.

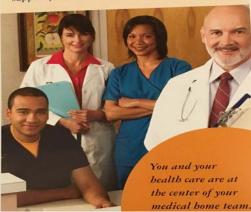


## **Examples**





A medical home is a team approach to providing total health care. Your medical home team will include your health care provider, others who support you, and—most importantly—you.



the center of your medical bome team.

#### What will a PCMH do for you?

- Give you better, more personalized care, because your care team knows you
- Guide you through the healthcare system and help you get the care you need from us or others
- Offer you better access to care that is managed between your doctor, hospital, and specialist Helps keep you well through reminders for preventative care

reminders for preventative care



Patients Brochures Handed
Out During Check-In Can
Introduce the Concept of
PCMH Before the Visit.

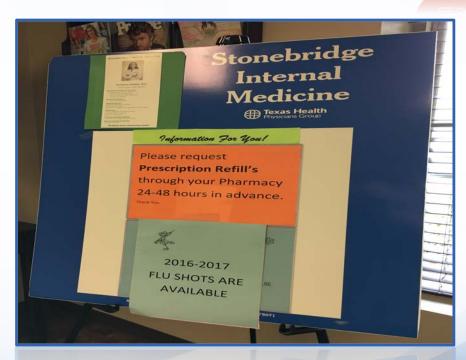


## **Examples**





Waiting Room Posters Can Alert Patients To Community Resources or Seasonal Campaigns That Boost Compliance





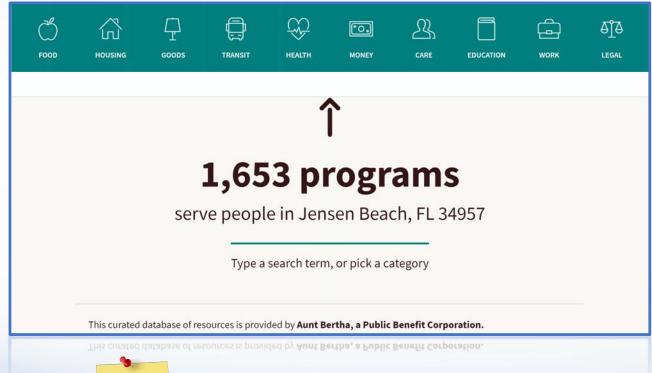
- 5) The organization follows a written plan for handling patient communication that includes acceptable time frames (as determined by organizational policy) for returning patient calls or requests. All calls or requests from patients are documented with a date and time.
- 6) Evidence exists that the organization actively engages with community resources to reach out to its patient population.



### Community Resources: www.findhelp.org — Aunt Bertha

Helpful









# The Importance of Follow-Up Calls





Pro-active management and follow-up of high-risk or medically complex patients is proven to impact patient compliance.

Patients/families report increased satisfaction with someone checking in on them.



- 1) To ensure continuity of care, the organization has a written policy and procedure for follow-up of their patients. The policy includes information on how the clinic provides follow-up information for:
  - a. Missed patient appointments.
  - b. Requests for medication refills by patients.
  - c. High-risk medication(s) or in-home treatment(s) that are newly prescribed.
  - d. Laboratory or diagnostic results.
  - e. Referrals and consultations.
  - f. Preventative care and screening reminders.
  - g. Care coordination activities.
  - h. Frequent use of the emergency department.
  - i. Discharge from the hospital.
- 2) Evidence of follow-up communication with patients exists in the patient health record.



### **Bridge the Gaps to Look For Opportunities to Improve Care**



Pro-active phone calls to patients after missed appointments, hospital discharges and ER visits.

Warm handoffs to other providers when a patient is being admitted or sent for referral.



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### **Evidence of Compliance**

- 1) The organization has a written agreement with each contracted healthcare entity responsible for handling the needs of patient's after-hours. The agreement identifies the contracted provider's scope of services, HIPPA compliance, responsibilities for patient care, and after-hours of operation.
- 2) The organization's providers receive and review patient healthcare information from after-hours providers and evidence of this follow-up is documented in the patient health record.
- 3) The organization has a comprehensive process that provides patients the ability to communicate their healthcare needs after-hours.



## **Example: After Hours Communication**



#### After-Hours Communication with Providers

- a. For non-emergent medical needs, after hours, patients directed to call the hospital main line: INSERT NUMBER HERE. When a patient calls this number, they will speak to a hospital staff member 24/7.
  - i. For medical emergencies, patients are directed to call 911.
- b. When a patient calls the hospital after hours, the hospital staff will follow protocol and transfer the patient to most appropriate personnel.
  - i. If hospital staff can answer the question, then they will direct patient.
  - ii. If clinical staff is needed then phone call is transferred to clinical staff for triage.
- c. Clinical staff will follow triage protocol and direct patient care as needed.
- d. If patient is calling about emergency then patient is directed to emergency room.
- e. If patient is triaged as non-emergent then patient is either:
  - Scheduled for next business day office visit w/ appointment time and date
  - ii. Or educated to call the next business day for appointment
- f. Care after hours is charted in the EMR for care team to review.
- f. Care after hours is charted in the EMR for care team to review.
  - ii. Or educated to call the next business day for appointment



### **Evidence of Compliance**

- 1) To improve the efficiency in the delivery of care provided, the organization follows a written plan that prevents over utilization of services. This plan includes implementation of the following waste reduction initiatives:
  - a. Reducing avoidable patient emergency department (ED) visits;
  - b. Reducing patient hospital re-admissions; and
  - c. Offering same-day appointments.





## **Example: ED Use**



#### What Happens at the Emergency Department?

- Emergency Department Team's job is to stabilize you and move you to either inpatient or outpatient care.
- Manage Expectations Not likely to fix/solve a problem in one go.
- · Know when to go to the Emergency Department:
  - Heart Attack/Stroke treatment
  - Broken Bones set
  - Dislocations reduced
  - Lacerations stitched
  - Life threatening situation
- · Know when to seek care in Primary Care or Urgent Care clinic:
  - Sprains, strains, subluxations
  - Non life threatening situations
  - · Fluids





Teach patients about the appropriate use of the ER

Signage in exam rooms can prompt discussions about calling PCMH before going to the ER



# **Getting it Right**





Appropriate Utilization

is Providing

"the Right Care

at the Right Time

with the Right Provider"



### **Evidence of Compliance**

- 1) Evidence exists that the organization reports data on the following utilization of services quarterly to The Compliance Team:
  - Number of patients requiring care coordination,
  - b. Number of ED visits,
  - c. Number of avoidable ED visits,
  - d. Number of hospital admissions, and
  - e. Number of hospital readmissions.



## **Example: Written Plan for improving efficiency**



To support the PCMH philosophy, **INSERT PRACTICE NAME** takes efforts to reduce the unnecessary utilization of services (and expenditure of healthcare dollars) that increase cost without necessarily increasing benefit to the recipients. **INSERT PRACTICE NAME** will improve efficiency in the delivery of care to its PCMH patients by the following plan:

- 1. The PCMH will implement the following waste reduction initiatives:
  - a. Utilizing generic medications whenever available and appropriate to the patient.
    - i. Providers are asked to prescribe generic medications as a first line of treatment unless there is a medically necessary reason to avoid the generic alternative.
    - ii. The organization is enrolled in the 340B program to help alleviate high cost of prescription medication. Eligible patients are made aware of the program.
  - b. Reducing avoidable emergency department/after-hours urgent care visits.
    - Providers and staff will take steps to identify patients that frequently seek care after PCMH business hours.
      - State how your organization receives ED usage reports from healthcare systems
      - 2. State any health information exchanges that help identify these patients
      - 3. During patient check-in, ask if the patient has visited the ED within the past three months?

past three months?

3. During patient check-in, ask if the patient has visited the ED within the



## 8.0 Patient Health Records







- 1) The organization's patient health records have evidence of:
  - a. Patient identification and social data that includes:
    - Identification of the individual(s) included in the care and/or healthcare decisions of the patient; and
    - ii. The preferred language to be used for healthcare discussions with patient's family members and caregivers.
  - b. Written consent to treat for initiation of care and informed consent for medical procedures. Properly executed patient consents include:
    - i. Date and time along with appropriate signature.
    - ii. Identification of the signee's relationship for any patient under the age of majority or unable to given written consent for themselves.



- c. Patient status regarding Advanced Directive, when appropriate:
  - i. The organization asks the patient if they have an Advanced Directive.
  - ii. If the patient does not have an Advanced Directive, the organization has evidence that the patient, or when appropriate, the patient's representative, was asked if they would like information.
- d. Pertinent medical history.



- e. Evaluation of current health status, which includes:
  - i. Vital signs;
  - ii. Gender, height, weight, and assessment of body mass index (BMI) or growth percentile;
  - iii. Chief complaint;
  - iv. Behavioral health screening when depressive symptoms are identified (e.g., Patient Health Questionnaire (PHQ 2 or 9) or another recognized tool);
  - v. Cognitive health screening when symptoms are identified or if the patient is over 65 years of age (e.g., Brief Interview of Mental Status (BIMS) or another recognized tool);
  - vi. Preventive-health measures;
  - vii. Updated needs assessment (as appropriate);
  - viii. Updated Patient-Centered Health Improvement Plan™ (PCHIP™) as appropriate and defined by the organization); and
  - ix. Updated patient health goals (as appropriate and defined by the organization).



- f. Summary of the encounter and patient instructions.
- g. Reports, consultation notes, and any information pertinent to monitor the patient's progress.
- h. Provider orders and documentation of tests, treatments, or medications administered in the practice setting.
- Documentation and reconciliation of current patient medications (including supplements) and patient allergies.
- j. Signature of the provider and date related to the encounter.
- k. Identification of provider/care team assigned to the patient.
- Identification of patient's pharmacy by name, location, and contact information. Note: Information may not be an individual field in electronic EMR but can be located in electronic prescribing software such as Escript®.



- 1) Patients are provided with a printed after-visit summary or it is available to them via the organization's patient portal. Note: If summaries are not provided to patients at checkout, the organization monitors the percentage of patients utilizing the portal to ensure this information is being utilized by their population. The after-visit summary includes:
  - a. Current vital signs;
  - b. Relevant health data;
  - c. Current diagnosis;
  - d. Current medications;
  - e. Important patient instructions;
  - f. Patient's short and long-term healthcare goals;
  - g. Name of patient's provider; and
  - h. PCMH contact Information.



## **Example: After Visit Summary**





- Vital signs
- Medications
- Labs
- Instructions
- Goals
- Follow up



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- 3) Evidence exists, in QI Meeting minutes, that the organization:
  - Audit patient health records for completeness and accuracy. Audit results meet compliance with the number of records and frequency, as defined by organizational policy;
  - b. Analyzes data and reports findings to leadership; and
  - c. Identifies performance improvement opportunities and takes corrective action.



# **Is the Organization Providing:**

Care that patients are satisfied with?

Better heath outcomes for the population?

Increased service from the practice?

Lower costs for overall care?

Here is where we find out...



### **Evidence of Compliance**

### **Patient Satisfaction Survey**

- 1) The organization ensures a sample of patients receive a patient satisfaction survey. The patient sample size is determined by organizational policy.
- 2) The results of the patient satisfaction surveys are collected, evaluated and presented at QI/Staff meetings. Results are submitted to a national database for outcomes measurement.
- 3) The organization has a written policy and procedure to develop and implement corrective action if the result of the patient satisfaction evaluation reveals possible issues.



### The Process for Surveying Patient Satisfaction Should Follow the Written Policy & Procedure

	Access, Delivery and Service	Yes	No	N/A
1	I received an appointment in a timely fashion.			
2	The person who answered the phone and made the appointment was courteous and helpful.	$\checkmark$		
3	The wait time to be seen by a provider was timely.			
4	The services I received were appropriate and addressed my needs.			
5	My appointment needs were handled in a confidential and professional manner.			
6	My medical questions were answered and addressed in a way that I understood.			
7	I have been informed and understand my diagnosis.			
8	I have been informed of and understand the treatment plan.			
9	All of the staff that I interacted with treated me respectfully and professionally.			
10	I was 100% satisfied with my overall experience and the health services provided.	₫′		
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I was 100% satisfied with my overall experience and the health services provided



### **Complaints**

- 4) The organization has a written policy and procedure for defining, handling, reviewing and resolving complaints.
- 5) The organization provides its patients with written information on the complaint process, which includes the statement "In the event your complaint remains unsolved with **<organization name>**, you may file a complaint with our accreditor, The Compliance Team, Inc. via their website (www.thecomplianceteam.org) or via phone 1-888-291-5353."
- 6) When a complaint is received, the organization provides notice to the complainant that the issue is being investigated within the timeframe identified in the organization policy.



## **Complaints**



# Patients Need to Have Access to The Compliance Team's Contact Information Should They Need to File a Complaint.

In the event your complaint remains unresolved with (name of practice) you may file a complaint with our accreditor, The Compliance Team via the website — <a href="https://www.thecomplianceteam.org">www.thecomplianceteam.org</a> or by calling **1-800-291-5353**.



This may be posted or on a complaint form



- 1) The organization has written policies and procedures outlining its Quality Improvement (QI) activities. The policies and procedures include the following:
  - a. Designating a staff member for oversight of the QI activities.
  - b. Monitoring the following:
    - i. Completeness/accuracy of patient health records (random chart audit volume and frequency will be determined by organizational policy);
    - ii. Compliance with preventive-health measures (as required by Medicaid or third-party payers);
    - iii. Compliance with the continuity of care process (which addresses the coordination of care regarding patient appointments and provider orders/labs/diagnostics/referrals) that close the gaps in patient care transitions;



### QI 2.0

- iv. Incident reporting;
- v. Patient satisfaction data;
- vi. Number of same day appointments (which addresses increased patient access);
- vii. Number of patients being identified as high-risk and/or complex, for which the PCMH is pro-actively managing. "High-risk and/or complex" is defined by organizational policy.
- viii. Percentage of generic medications prescribed; and
- ix. Number of emergency department visits by high-risk and/or complex patients who visit the emergency department frequently. "Frequently" is defined by organizational policy clarifying the number of visits within a timeframe.
- x. Number of patients followed-up after discharge from the hospital (as determined by Admission/Discharge/Transfer reporting).



## QI 2.0

- Analyzing data and reviewing findings with key leadership at least quarterly.
- d. Identifying performance improvement opportunities and taking corrective action when needed.
- e. Communicating changes throughout the organization.
- f. Following-up to ensure the desired change is achieved through the corrective action(s).



### Written Policy for Describing the QI Activities of the PCMH

- Data Informed Practice. Successful QI processes create feedback loops, using data to inform practice and measure results. Fact-based decisions are likely to be correct decisions.
- Statistical Tools. For continuous improvement of care, tools and methods are needed that foster knowledge and understanding. CQI organizations use a defined set of analytic tools such as run charts, cause and effect diagrams, flowcharts, Pareto charts, histograms, and control charts to turn data into information.
- Prevention Over Correction. Continuous Quality Improvement entities seek to design good processes to achieve excellent outcomes rather than fix processes after the fact.
- Continuous Improvement. Processes must be continually reviewed and improved.
   Small incremental changes do make an impact, and providers can almost always find an opportunity to make things better.



Policy Templates are provided as part of the TCT PCMH Accreditation Package



- 2) Annually, the organization performs a program evaluation to:
  - a. Review the following:
    - i. Utilization review of all services provided by the PCMH;
    - ii. The number of patients served and volume of services;
    - iii. Organizational policies and procedures; and
    - iv. Trends from the past year's QI data (as defined in QI 2.0.1(b)(i-x).



- b. Determine whether the PCMH plan supports compliance with the guiding principles of PCMH which includes improved patient access, team-based care approach, care coordination, utilization of the PCHIP™, and patient follow-up. The organization creates and uses a simple self-assessment checklist for this purpose.
- c. Make changes to the PCMH plan as required.
- 3) Evidence exists of the QI data collection and analysis, findings, action-plans, follow-up, and the annual PCMH program evaluation.



## **Annual Program Evaluation**



The purpose of this document is to summarize the administrative, personnel, and fiscal activities of PRACTICE NAME for the period XX/XX/XXXX through XX/XX/XXXX. The evaluation shall determine if the utilization of services was appropriate, the established policies and procedures were followed, and evaluate the need to change or revise the program.

#### **Utilization of Services**

- PRACTICE NAME had NUMBER patient visits during the fiscal year with NUMBER patients being seen.
- · Payer Distribution:
  - o XX% Medicare
  - o XX% Medicaid
  - o XX% Private Insurance
  - o XX% Workers Compensation
  - o XX% Self-Pay
  - o XX% Other



Template included as part of the TCT PCMH Accreditation Package.



## **PCMH QI Audit Tool**

# 

#### **INSERT PRACTICE NAME**

#### **PCMH Quality Improvement Plan Audit Tool**

**INSERT DATE HERE** 

**Completed By: INSERT NAME** 

Audit Tool Instructions: Insert an "X" under YES noting the organization is in full compliance, under PARTIAL if it is in partial compliance, or under NO if the organization is not in compliance with any of the elements at this time. Insert notes into the far-right column to explain PARTIAL or NO findings.

Notes
rrent Business Hours:
escribe Outreach:
escribe Coverage:
ny "Partial" or "No" mark should be addressed at the end of e audit tool under performance improvement action plans.
Notes
urrent Number of Patients Being Followed by Care pordinator:



Templates are included as part of the TCT PCMH Accreditation Package.



## **Important Reminder!**

Your organization must be functioning as a Patient Centered Medical Home on the date of survey!





Session 2, Part 2

## Policies, Templates and More

Patient Centered Medical Home: A Practice Model to Improve Quality



### **Policies, Templates and More Resources**



Available as part of the accreditation package, TCT has a wide range of resources for the Patient Centered Medical Home program including:

Webinars

Templates for Policies and Procedures

Patient Satisfaction Survey Portal

**Quality Measures Portal** 

Individual support with an Accreditation Advisor

\*\*<u>Important to Note</u>: Other accreditors have developed their own PCMH standards and resources may or may not be provided.



## **Resources: Sample PCMH Templates**



#### **INSERT PRACTICE NAME**

#### **PCMH Implementation Plan**

During a meeting of the organizational leadership on INSERT DATE, it was decided to go forward with plans for the practice/clinic to become a Patient Centered Medical Home (PCMH). The organization will use The Compliance Team, Inc. (TCT) for attaining PCMH accreditation. Goal for accreditation was set for INSERT MONTH/YEAR.

Key Leaders for the Implementation Team were identified:

INSERT NAME / TITLE RESPONSIBILITY

The practice/clinic will adopt a new schedule to increase patients access to providers:

0700-1200	1300-1900
0700-1200	1300-1900
0700-1200	1300-1900
0700-1200	1300-1900
0700-1200	1300-1900
0700-1200	1300-1900
0700-1200	1300-1900
	0700-1200 0700-1200 0700-1200 0700-1200 0700-1200

 Saturday
 0700-1200
 1300-1900

 Sunday
 0700-1200
 1300-1900

POLICY SECTION: (INSERT SECTION NAME HERE)
Effective Date: (INSERT DATE ADOPTED)

Revised Date: (INSERT DATE POLICY WAS UPDATED)

Approved By: (INSERT TITLE)

Policy: COM 1.0.1

#### **Corporate Compliance Program**

Purpose: To define the requirements of an effective corporate compliance

program, as required by The Compliance Team's PCMH Quality Standards

(COM 1.0.1).

Policy: The organization shall abide by the laws and ethical conduct standards as

stipulated by the Federal government, the State government, and/or the

accrediting organization.

#### Procedure:

The organization shall designate a Compliance Officer. For this location, compliance oversight will be monitored by:
 [INSERT TITLE] [INSERT CONTACT INFORMATION]

Standards of Conduct will be defined in a written document which include a statement of non-retaliation.

statement of non-retaliation

2) Standards of Conduct will be defined in a written document which include



## PCMH - Session 2, Handout 1



Refer to Session 2, Handout 1

Sample Template for PCHIP

3<sup>rd</sup> Party Website Resources for PCMH





## Clinic Perspective

A Discussion with a PCMH Clinic Director

April 2021



## **Thank You For All You Do!**







## Join us on Thursday, April 8,2021 for Session 3!

Thank you!



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khill@thecomplianceteam.org



Patient Centered Medical Home: A Practice Model to Improve Quality

Session 2, Handout 1

Sample Templates:

POLICY SECTION: (INSERT SECTION NAME)

Effective Date: (INSERT DATE ADOPTED)
Revised Date: (INSERT DATE POLICY WAS UPDATED)

Approved By: (INSERT TITLE)

#### Policy: PCMH 2.0.1

#### Utilization of a Patient Centered Health Improvement Plan

Purpose:

To define the utilization of a Patient Centered Health Improvement Plan™ (PCHIP™) for those patients whose care needs to be managed and coordinated, as required by The Compliance Team's PCMH Quality Standards (PCMH 2.0.1).

Policy:

The organization shall abide by the laws and ethical conduct standards as stipulated by the Federal government, the State government, and/or the accrediting organization.

#### Procedure:

- The organization creates a Patient-Centered Health Improvement Plans™
   (PCHIP™) which addresses the current and future needs of the patient from a
   whole person perspective. The Care Team will:
  - Identify high risk and/or complex patients in the practice. [State how the organization identifies high risk/complex patients]
  - Provide patient communication and education through the formats identified to meet the unique needs of each patient.
  - c. The PCHIP™ addresses the communication needs of the patient:
    - i. When a physical or mental impairment or learning disability exists;
    - ii. When English is not the primary language spoken; or
    - iii. When cultural or religious beliefs may impact the delivery of care.
- 2) When appropriate, perform a patient's needs assessment concerning ability to perform the activities of daily living, safety of the home environment, family/caregiver support, access to transportation, and other requirements for healthcare or support services that cannot be met by the organization. [Define the organization policy on when a needs assessment is appropriate]
- Utilize a questionnaire or interview technique to identify and update the healthcare goal(s) most important from the patient's perspective. [Identify questionnaire or interview technique the organization will utilize]
- 4) When appropriate, incorporate end-of-life or palliative care planning.

#### INSERT PRACTICE NAME

#### **Care Coordination Procedures**

PURPOSE: To develop a written protocol for Care Coordination within the PCMH

POLICY: The Care Coordinator Needs To:

- · Assist all patients through the healthcare system by acting as a patient advocate and navigator.
- · Participate in Patient-Centered Medical Home team meetings and quality improvement initiatives.
- Support patient self-management of disease and behavior modification interventions.
- Emphasize continuity of care to reduce fragmentation, duplication, and/or gaps in treatment plans with external
  healthcare organizations and facilities. This includes the process of hospital admissions/discharges and referrals
  from the primary care provider to specialty care providers.
- Coordinate continuity of patient care with patients and families following hospital admission, discharge, and ER visits.
- Manage high risk patient care, including management of patients with multiple co-morbidities or high risk for readmission to a hospital setting.
- Manage or oversee activities utilizing the data from a registry.
- Identify opportunities for health promotion and illness prevention.
- Oversee Medicare Wellness Visits (MWV) for patients

#### 3<sup>rd</sup> Party Resources:

Website Resources for RHC/PCMH

#### **Community Resources**

Aunt Bertha <a href="https://www.auntbertha.com">https://www.auntbertha.com</a>

#### **Disease Control and Prevention**

CDC www.cdc.gov

#### **Emergency Preparedness**

ASPR Tracie <a href="https://asprtracie.hhs.gov">https://asprtracie.hhs.gov</a>

#### **PCMH Resource Center**

AHRQ <a href="https://pcmh.ahrq.gov">https://pcmh.ahrq.gov</a>

#### **Care Plans**

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=40FbbmyowFc

#### **Needs Assessment**

https://www.ahrq.gov/sites/default/files/publications/files/health-assessments\_0.pdf

#### **Cognitive Assessment**

https://www.mocatest.org

#### **Patient Self Management**

IHI <a href="http://www.ihi.org/resources/Pages/Changes/SelfManagement.aspx">http://www.ihi.org/resources/Pages/Changes/SelfManagement.aspx</a>

CDC <a href="https://www.cdc.gov/learnmorefeelbetter/index.htm">https://www.cdc.gov/learnmorefeelbetter/index.htm</a>

Patient Centered Medical Home: A Practice Model to Improve Quality

Session 2, Handout 2

**Example: Patient Goals** 

- 1. My goals to improve my health: \*\*\*
- 2. My healthcare team's goals: \*\*\*
- 3. My strengths and supports to meet my goals: \*\*\*
- 4. Challenges to meeting my goals: dropdown.

Need more support

Housing problems

Transportation problems

Insurance problems

Healthcare providers don't speak my language

Legal problems

Financial problems

Other

- 5. My healthcare team: \*\*\*
- 6. My Action Plan: dropdown.

keep my appointments

if I feel worse, I will \*\*\*

take my medicines every day

Keep track of progress using \*\*\*

Other

#### AMA Steps Forward Sample Team Huddle Checklist

### Team huddle checklist

Use this modifiable checklist to lead your team through efficient, effective huddles at the beginning of the clinic day or session.

Date:	Start time:
Huddle I	eader:
Team m	embers in attendance:
Check in	with the team
	How is everyone doing?
	Are there any anticipated staffing issues for the day?
	Is anyone on the team out / planning to leave early / have upcoming vacation?
Huddle a	igenda T
	Review today's schedule
	Identify scheduling opportunities
	Same-day appointment capacity
	Urgent care visits requested     Recent cancellations
	Recent hospital discharge follow-ups
	Determine any special patient needs for clinic day
	Patients who are having a procedure done and need special exam room setup     Patients who may require a health educator, social work or behavioral health visit while at the practice
	Patients who are returning after diagnostic work or other referral(s)
	Identify patients who need care outside of a scheduled visit
	Determine patient needs and follow up
	Patients recently discharged from the hospital who require follow up
	<ul> <li>Patients who are overdue for chronic or preventive care</li> <li>Patients who recently missed an appointment and need to be rescheduled</li> </ul>
	Share a shout-out and/or patient compliment
	Share important reminders about practice changes, policy implementation or downtimes for the day
	End on a positive, team-oriented note
	Thank everyone for being present at the huddle
	Huddle end time:

Source: AMA. Practice transformation series: implementing a daily team huddle. 2015.